# Research projects and coordination in Japan toward CMIP6

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FY 2012-2016 Budget: ~7m\$/y

A. Prediction and diagnosis of imminent global climate change (PI: M. Kimoto, U. of Tokyo)

D/A, E/A, Seamless Prediction, Climate Sensitivity, Data Assimilation

B. Climate change projection contributing to stabilization target setting (PI: M. Kawamiya, JAMSTEC)

Climate Scenario, Earth System Model, Tipping Element, Geo-engineering

C. Development of basic technology for risk information on climate change (PI: I. Takayabu, MRI)

Dynamical and Statistical Downscaling, High-res GCM

D. Precise impact assessments on climate change (PI: E. Nakakita, Kyoto U.)

Weather, Water, Coastal Disasters, Water Resource, ecosystem ...

### Earth Simulator and the K(京) Computer

	Total Peak Performance (Pflops)	Total main memory (Tbyte)	Peak Performance / CPU (Gflops)	Total number of CPUs
Earth Simulator III (JAMSTEC)	1.31	328	256 (4 cores)	5120
K Computer (Riken)	10.6	1,260	128 (16x8cores)	88,128



Earth Simulator III: "medium" size simulations such as CMIP experiments. Operation starts this March.

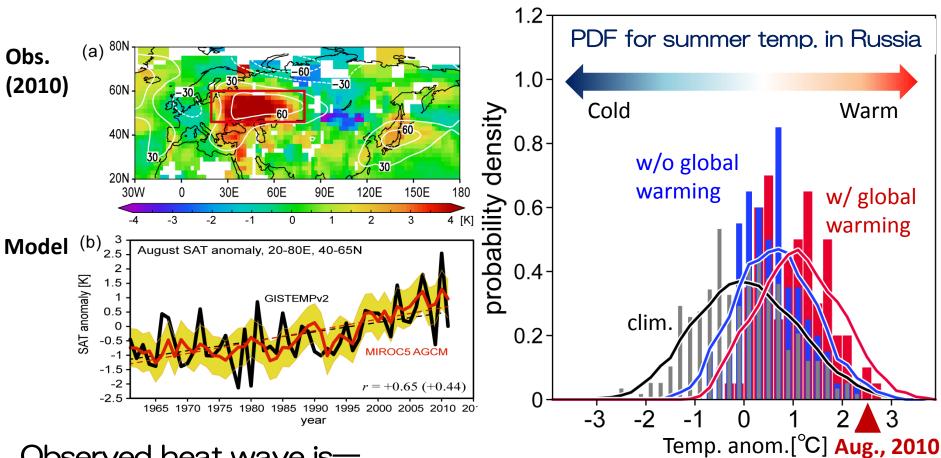


K Computer: ambitious, gigantic size simulations such as global cloud resolving runs with 870m mesh

#### Event attribution for

### Russian heat wave, 2010

Surface temperature anomaly for Aug., 2010

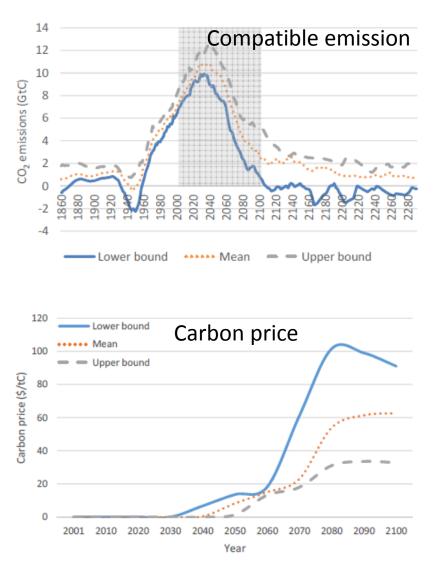


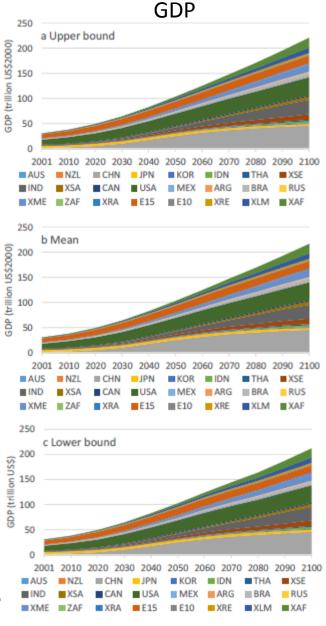
#### Observed heat wave is—

- mostly natural variation in terms of amplitude
- in terms of probability, probability of occurrence of such heat wave is extremely low w/o global warming Watanabe et al. (2013a)

Socio-economic scenarios corresponding to RCP4.5 concentration scenario calculated by MIROC-

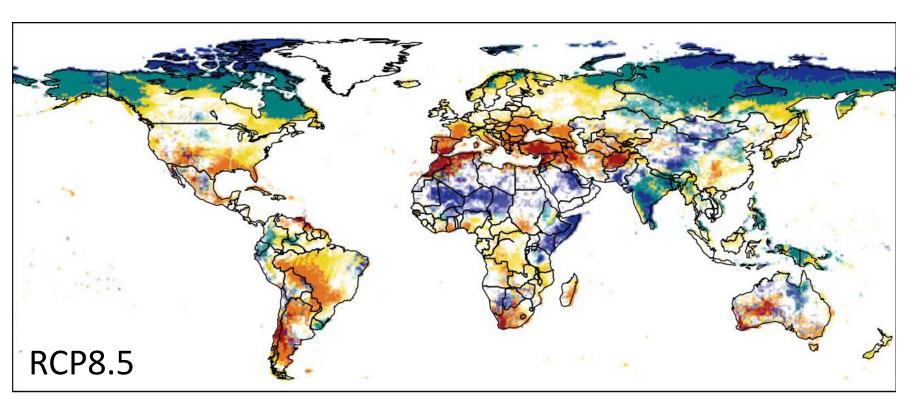
ESM (Matsumoto et al., submitted)

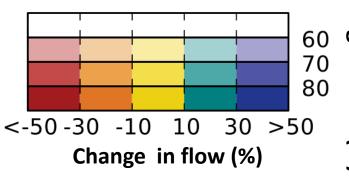




Uncertainty in socio-economics accompanying RCP4.5→ Large impact on carbon price, significant (4%) difference in GDP

### Changes in annual mean river flow (2°C warming case)





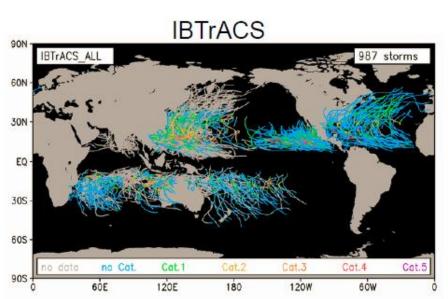
Based on 5GCMs × 12 hydrological models:

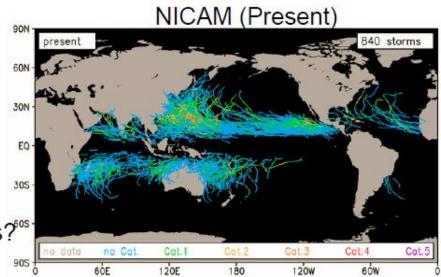
- Changes in river flow
- •Their uncertainty are evaluated.

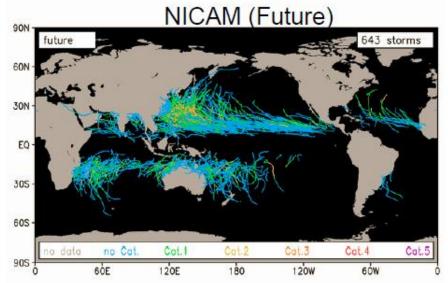
### NICAM for HighresMIP?

### Global non-hydrostatic model (NICAM) simulation

- •9yr runs w/ 14km resolution
- •Frequency -23%
- Intensity +2.2%
- Within the range of current estimate, but could it tell us change in the genesis?





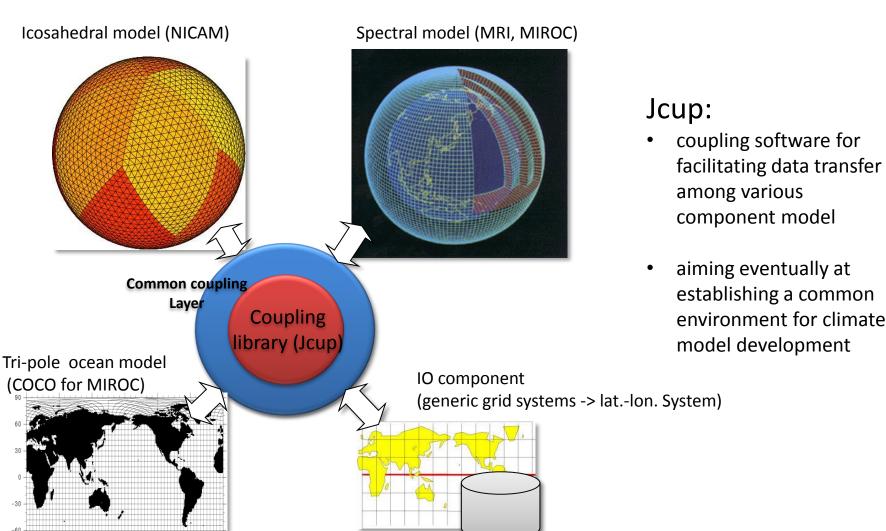


Courtesy of Y Yamada

Grid system for NICAM (Non-hydrostatic Icosahedral Atmospheric Model)

**G-level 1 (one-time division)** G-level 2 G-level 4 G-level 3

### Coupling software development: Jcup

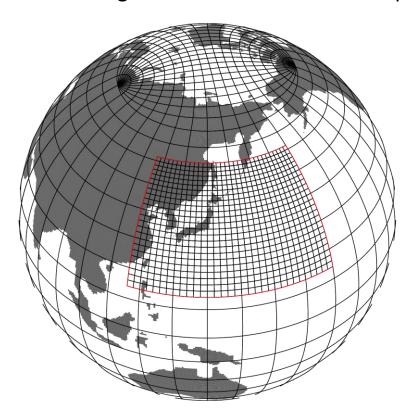


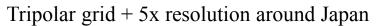
#### Nesting

Goal: 0.1° global COCO + 0.02° regional model around Japan

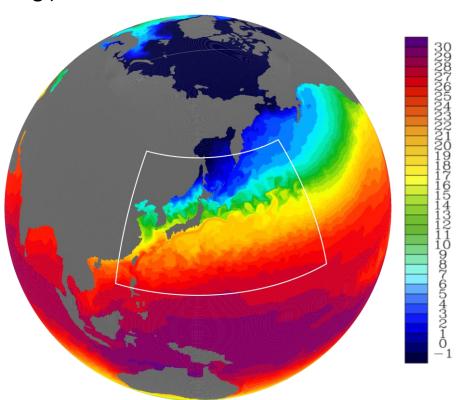
Now under development with lower resolution (panels below)

(0.02° nesting has been realized under triple nesting)





Outer model :  $0.5^{\circ}$  x  $0.5^{\circ}$  cos $\theta$ Inner model :  $0.1^{\circ}$  x  $0.1^{\circ}$  cos $\theta$ 

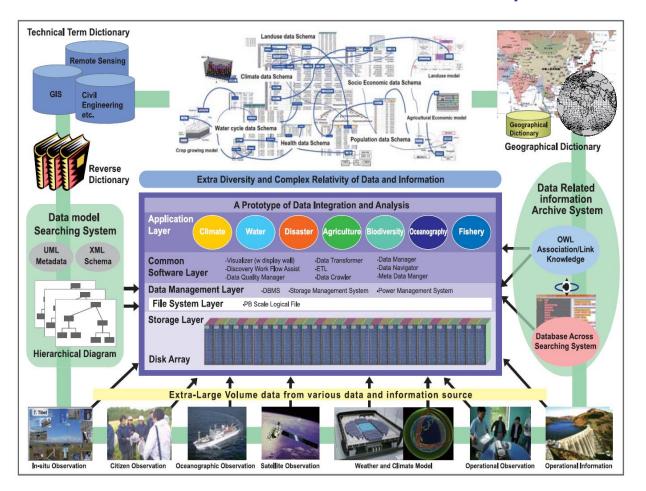


SST snapshot



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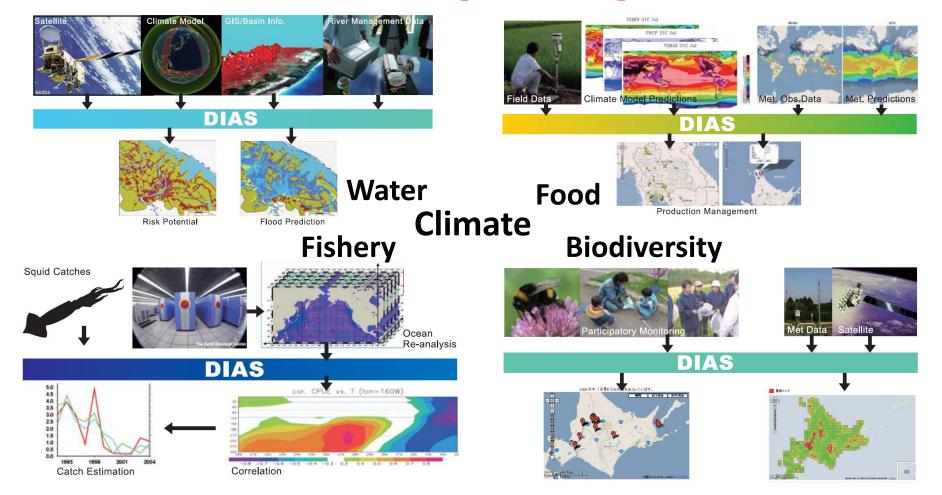
To create knowledge enabling us to solve the Earth environment problems and to generate socio-economic benefits,



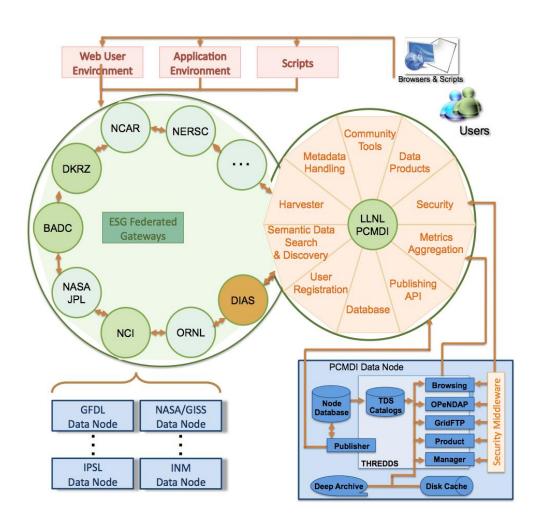


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## enabling us to do integrated research and to realize inter-disciplinarity



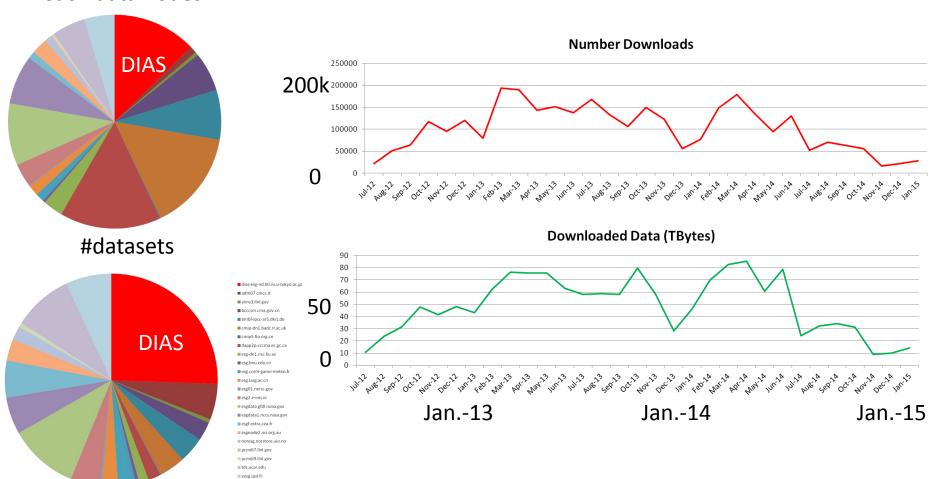
# Earth System Grid: global system for CMIP5 data distribution



### **DIAS** stats

### Original data stored in each data nodes

Data amount





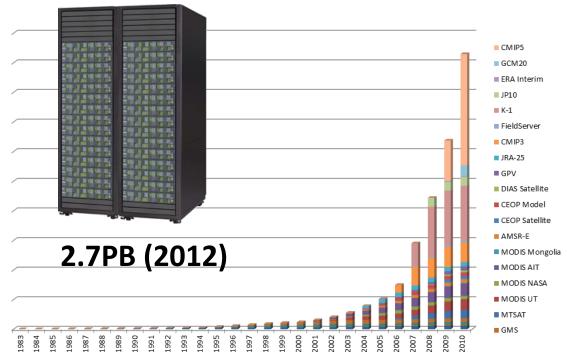
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## tackling a large increase in volume of the Earth observation data.

CMIP3 for AR4 (2007): 40TB → CMIP6 for AR5 (2012): 2.6PB



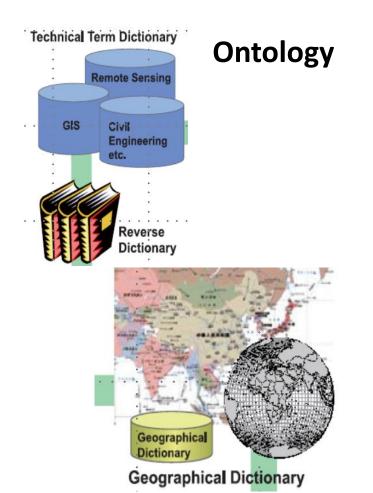
600TB (2007)



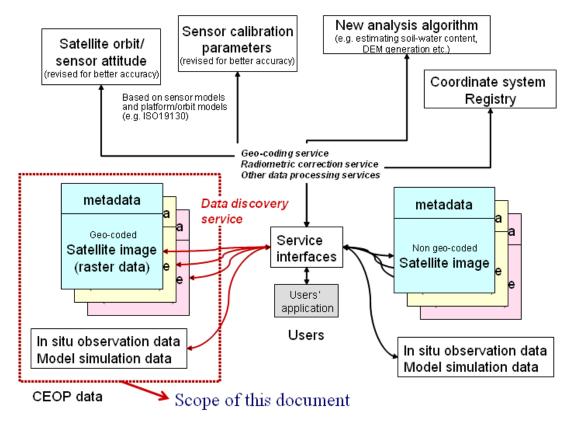


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## tackling a large increase in diversity of the Earth observation data.



#### Meta data Design





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### enriching data searching capability

